





ECONOMIC EXPECTATIONS SURVEY TO THE PANEL OF PRIVATE ANALYSTS - EEE (For its acronym in Spanish) -

MARCH 2011

The Economic Expectations Survey to the Private Panel of Analysts is held monthly in order to obtain the opinion of national and international analysts, regarding the behavior of some of the macroeconomic variables in the country. Said survey is extremely useful, given the importance that the expectations of the economic agents have in the behavior of the economic activity of the country.

In the first part of this note, we present the inflation expectations and the annual and quarterly economic activity, held between the second and fourth week of March 2011.

In the second part, the confidence index of the economic activity is presented, which was made based on the referred survey.

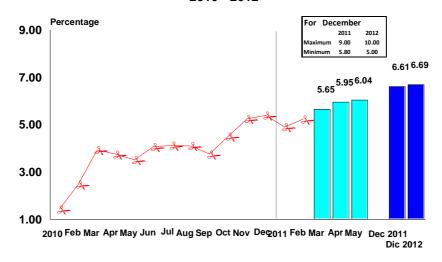
I. INFLATION EXPECTATIONS AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

1. INFLATION

The Economic analysts surveyed foresee a y-o-y inflation of 5.65% for March 2011 with a maximum value of 7.25% and a minimum of 4.50%; while for April 2011, they estimate that it will reach 5.95%. For December 2011, the analysts forecast an average inflation of 6.61%, registering a maximum value of 9.00% and a minimum of 5.80%. For December 2012, they consider it could reach 6.69%, with a maximum value of 10.00% and a minimum value of 5.00%.

On the other hand, the economic analysts estimated that for March 2012, inflation would be at 6.24%; while for March 2013, this could be at 6.13%.

INFLATION
OBSERVED AND EXPECTED
2010 - 2012

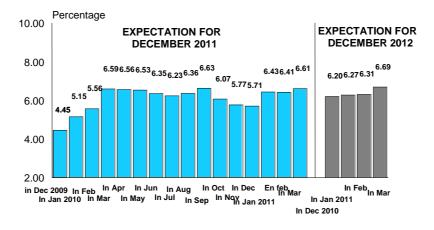


Source: Banco de Guatemala and Economic Expectations Survey to the Panel of Private Analysts (EEE).

When comparing the results of this survey obtained last month, it was observed that the expected y-o-y inflation for March 2011 increased by 0.16 percentage points (5.49% from the survey in February 2011); while for April 2011, it increased by 0.12 percentage points (5.83% in the previous survey).

For the end of 2011, the expected y-o-y inflation increased by 0.20 percentage points (6.41% in the previous survey), whereas for December 2012 it increased by 0.38 percentage points (6.31% in the previous survey).

INFLATION EXPECTATIONS FOR DECEMBER 2011 AND FOR DECEMBER 2012 RESULTS OF THE SURVEY IN THE INDICATED MONTH



Fuente: Encuesta de Expectativas Económicas al Panel de Analistas Privados (EEE).

In the opinion of the interviewed analysts, the main factors that could explain the forecast of inflation for 2011 are the international price of oil, the prices of fuel, the price of commodities and the performance of the fiscal policy.

FACTORS THAT COULD EXPLAIN THE INFLATION FORECAST FOR DECEMBER 2011

-In percentage-

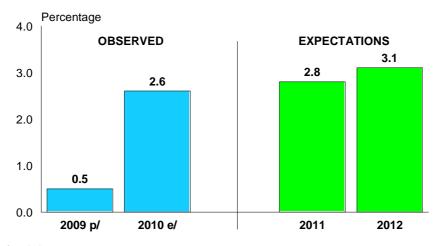
FACTORS	January	February	March
International price of oil	17.19	18.03	19.77
Price of fuels	15.63	16.39	18.61
Price of commodities	14.06	18.03	16.28
Performance of the fiscal policy	14.06	14.75	10.45
Performance of the monetary policy	12.50	11.48	8.14
Climate conditions	7.81	8.20	8.14
Seasonality of the agricultural products	4.69	4.92	6.98
Nominal exchange rate	9.38	6.56	4.65
Other	4.68	1.64	6.98
TOTAL	100.00	100.00	100.00

2. ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

2.1 ANNUAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

In March 2011, the private analysts estimated that the economic activity for said year, measured by the Real Gross Domestic Product, would register growth of 2.8%, higher by 0.1 percentage points to the forecasted in the previous survey (2.7%). For 2012, the expected growth is of 3.1%, higher by 0.1 percentage points to the forecasted in the previous survey (3.0%).

GROWTH OF THE REAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT OBSERVED IN 2009 AND 2010 AND EXPECTATIONS FOR 2011 AND 2012



p/ preliminary e/ estimated

SOURCE: Economic Expectations Survey to the Panel of Private Analysts (EEE).

According to the analysts interviewed, the main factors that could promote economic activity in 2011 are the levels of the interest rates (domestic and foreign), the strengthening of the domestic market, the international price of oil, the performance of the fiscal policy and the execution of mega-projects.

FACTORS THAT COULD PROMOTE THE ACITIVITY OF THE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN 2011

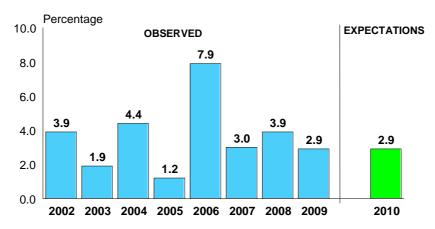
-In percentage-

FACTORS	January	February	March
Level of interet rates (domestic and foreign)	10.87	6.52	16.36
Strengthening of the domestic market	8.70	13.04	14.55
International price of oil	10.87	13.04	12.72
Performance of the fiscal policy	17.39	13.04	10.91
Execution of mega-projects	8.70	8.70	10.91
Stability in the nominal exchange rate	13.04	13.04	9.09
Price of fuels	13.04	10.87	9.09
Stability in the general level of prices	10.87	8.70	9.09
FTA with the United States of America	4.35	8.70	3.64
Other	2.17	4.35	3.64
TOTAL	100.00	100.00	100.00

2.2 QUARTERLY GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

In March 2011, the private analysts estimated that the growth of the real quarterly GDP corresponding to the fourth quarter of 2010, will register a 2.9% higher by 0.4 percentage points to the forecast the previous survey (2.5%).

GROWTH OF THE REAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT OF THE FOURTH QUARTER OBSERVED FROM 2002 TO 2009 AND EXPECTATIONS FOR THE FOURTH QUARTER OF 2010 GROWTH RATE



Source: Banco de Guatemala and Economic Expectations Survey to the Panel of Private Analystas (EEE).

II. CONFIDENCE INDEX OF THE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FROM THE PANEL OF PRIVATE ANALYSTS

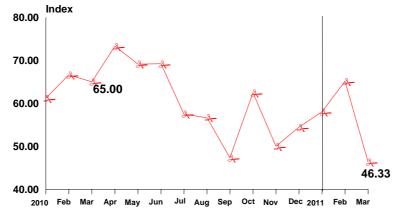
The Confidence Index of the Economic Activity from the Panel of Private Analysts has the purpose of measuring the perception on the current economic situation and the environment for business that the interviewed economic analysts have, which is compared with the prevailing index in the recent past. It also pursues obtaining an appreciation on the economic evolution of the country in the near future. For that purpose, the private analysts were asked a series of questions, which results are as follows:

INDICATORS ON THE CONFIDENCE LEVEL

	2010										2011				
Pregunta	Enero	Febrero	Marzo	Abril	Mayo	Junio	Julio	Agosto	Septiembre	Octubre	Noviembre	Diciembre	Enero	Febrero	Marzo
 ¿Cómo considera que evolucione el clima de los negocios para las actividades productivas del sector privado en los próximos seis meses en comparación con los pasados seis meses? 															
Mejorará	40.0%	41.7%	50.0%	46.7%	46.7%	53.8%	6.7%	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.4%	28.6%	21.4%	0.0%
Igual	60.0%	58.3%	50.0%	53.3%	40.0%	38.5%	73.3%	73.3%	78.6%	91.7%	75.0%	64.3%	35.7%	71.4%	70.6%
Empeorará	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	13.3%	7.7%	20.0%	20.0%	21.4%	8.3%	25.0%	14.3%	35.7%	7.2%	29.4%
9. ¿Considera usted que actualmente la economía del país está mejor que hace un año?															
Sí	50.0%	75.0%	50.0%	86.7%	93.3%	69.2%	80.0%	100.0%	71.4%	83.3%	75.0%	92.9%	100.0%	78.6%	82.4%
No	50.0%	25.0%	50.0%	13.3%	6.7%	30.8%	20.0%	0.0%	28.6%	16.7%	25.0%	7.1%	0.0%	21.4%	17.6%
10. ¿Espera usted que la evolución económica del país mejore durante los próximos seis meses?															
Si	80.0%	66.7%	80.0%	66.7%	66.7%	76.9%	53.3%	40.0%	35.7%	66.7%	41.7%	35.7%	35.7%	71.4%	29.4%
No	20.0%	33.3%	20.0%	33.3%	33.3%	23.1%	46.7%	60.0%	64.3%	33.3%	58.3%	64.3%	64.3%	28.6%	70.6%
11. ¿Cómo considera que sea la coyuntura actual de las empresas en el país para efectuar inversiones?															
Buen momento	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	46.7%	26.7%	30.8%	20.0%	6.7%	7.1%	8.3%	8.3%	7.1%	14.3%	28.6%	5.9%
No está seguro	50.0%	58.3%	50.0%	40.0%	46.7%	53.8%	66.7%	73.3%	71.4%	91.7%	75.0%	57.2%	71.4%	50.0%	64.7%
Mal momento	30.0%	16.7%	20.0%	13.3%	26.7%	15.4%	13.3%	20.0%	21.4%	0.0%	16.7%	35.7%	14.3%	21.4%	29.4%

In March 2011, the confidence index level of the economic activity¹ was at 46.33, index lower by 28.92%, regarding the registered in February 2011 (65.18) and lower by 28.72% regarding the observed in March 2010 (65.00).

CONFIDENCE INDEX OF THE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY JANUARY 2010 TO MARCH 2011



Source: Banco de Guatemala and Economic Expectations Survey to the Panel of Private Analysts (EEE).

¹ The index is made based on four questions. Their calculation is derived from considering sub-indexes for each question; same that result from the balance of answers that are obtained subtracting, for each question, the percentage of positive answers, the percentage of negatives and add a constant of 100, with the purpose of avoiding negative quantities. The sub-indexes obtained this way for each question are averaged and the trust index results from expressing said average value as a percentage of the maximum possible average.

CONFIDENCE INDEX OF THE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR JANUARY 2010 - MARCH 2011

Month	To do	Percent change (%)						
Month	Index	1-m-% change	y-o-y % change	Accumulated				
2010								
January	61.25	16.67	236.91	16.67				
February	66.67	8.85	433.36	26.99				
March	65.00	-2.50	333.33	23.81				
April	73.34	12.83	433.38	39.70				
May	69.17	-5.69	268.91	31.75				
June	69.23	0.09	361.53	31.87				
July	57.50	-16.94	199.17	9.52				
August	56.67	-1.44	51.12	7.94				
September	47.32	-16.50	72.07	-9.87				
October	62.50	32.08	79.96	19.05				
November	50.00	-20.00	33.33	-4.76				
December	54.47	8.94	3.75	3.75				
2011								
January	58.04	6.55	-5.24	6.55				
February	65.18	12.30	-2.23	19.66				
March	46.33	-28.92	-28.72	-14.94				